



2nd GBEP Task Force Meeting on GHG Methodologies

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UN Foundation

Greenhouse Gas Balances for Solid Biomass

Methodical Issues

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Solid Biomass is in use since the Stone Age.

Even today 10 % of world energy use is solid biomass – traditionally applied.

“modern Bionergy” is still below 2 % - and ...

... all kind of biofuel feedstock is solid biomass originally.

→ Direct use of solid biomass offers a high potential of efficient use.

Wood

- **Chopped wood harvested from**
 - **Classical forestry**
 - **Short rotation forestry (SRF)**

- **Pellets**
 - **also harvested from classical forestry or SRF**
 - **or from thinning or other forestry measures**
(co-product/residuals/waste???)
 - **from wood-working co-products (e.g. saw-dust)**
(co-product/residuals/waste???)
 - **wood waste (e.g. processed secondary fuel from bulky waste fractions)**

Ligno-cellulosic materials

- **Grown and harvested perennial grasses**
- **Straw and stalks from cereal production**
- **fibrous co-products from diverse crops,**
(e.g. bagasse, nutshells, pressing cake),
- **mowing material (hay, loppings) from landscape conservation measures**
(which originally is neither intended to be harvested, nor a co-product related to a physical product, nor a waste).

Other organic waste (incl. manure)

Differences in GHG balancing methods compared to liquid biofuels



Above all:

**high accordance between solid and liquid biomass in terms of methodology,
no need for a fundamentally different approach.**

**However there is a number of specific aspects,
taking wood for example:**

- **appropriate time scale** (longer term growing cycles),
- **Special land use change issues** concerning carbon stock, (if forestry technology is changing or SRF is implemented)
- **co-products** (timber, energy wood harvested by thinning, other forest co-products?)

Differences in GHG balancing methods compared to liquid biofuels

Most decisive: the “Use Phase”

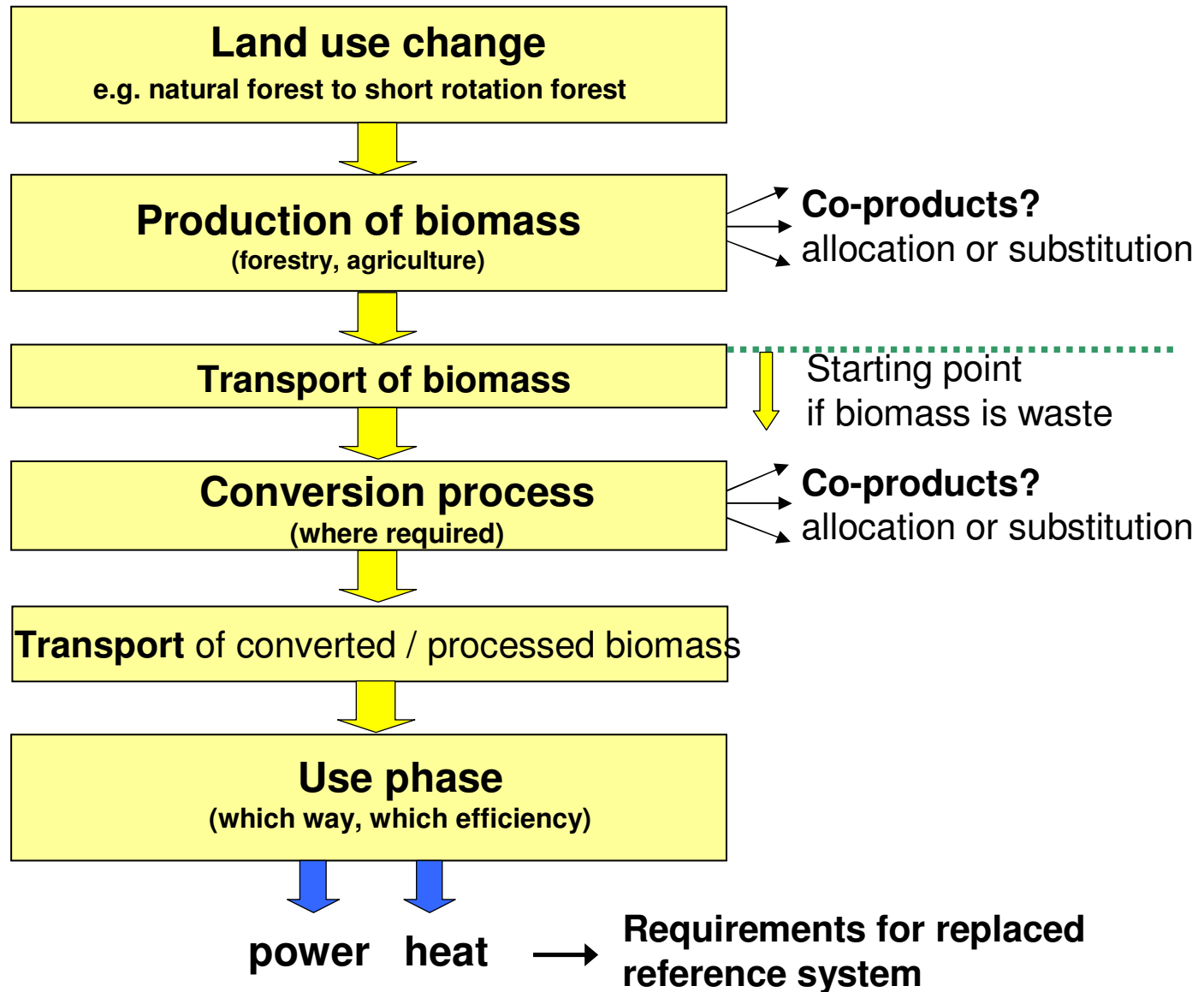
**For liquid biofuel for transportation minor
(negligible) issue**

**For solid biomass: the efficiency is the decisive
parameter.**

**Connected issue: what kind of energy is
replaced?**

→ system boundary → reference system

System boundary



Electricity:

regional differentiation:

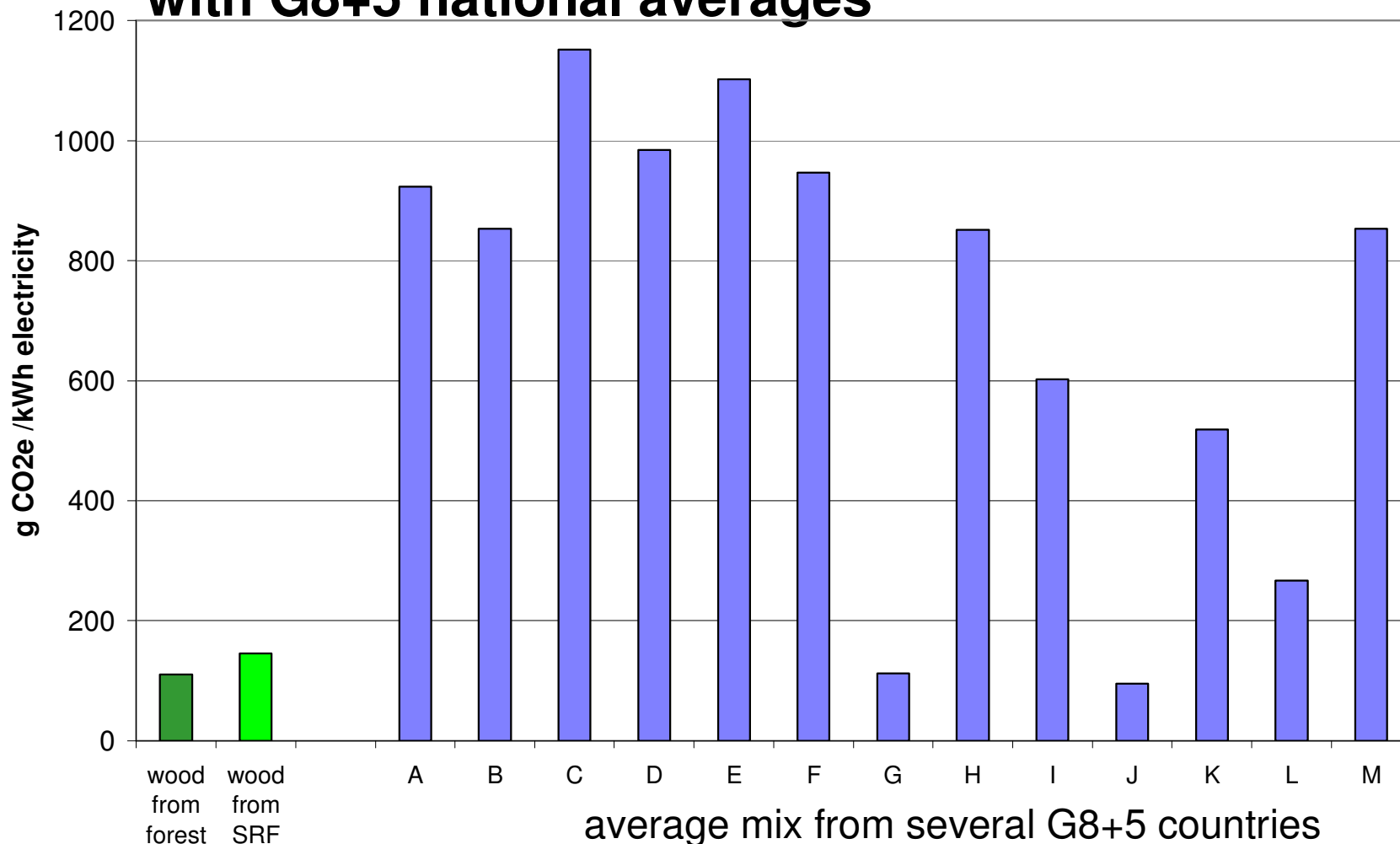
- is it fair to have different references per country?
- „better use biomass in DE, US than in BR, FR, TZ“

Average or marginal or ...?

- average mix: is this an appropriate reference ?
- marginal effect: can this be defined in an accurate way? Model?

What reference system

example: electricity from wood compared with G8+5 national averages



Default values?



**There is a large number of data,
But we need the agreed method at first.**