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Cooperation on Biofuels
Understanding to Advance
U.S.-Brazil Memorandum of
Caribbean countries.

and use of biofuels in selected African, Central American and
assistance on regulatory framework, it aims at fostering the production
cooperation: through feasibility studies and technical
Tri bilateral cooperation: to promote the sustainable production and use of biofuels.


Global cooperation: aims at establishing compatible or harmonized
standards for biofuels, as well as cooperating in international fora such


Bilateral cooperation: it aims at fostering RED in advanced biofuels,

MOL, the “Partnership for the Development of Aviation Biofuels”;

including those for aviation (in 2011, it was signed an Addendum to the

US-Brazil Memorandum of Understanding to Advance Cooperation
Signed in 2007 between the major biofuels producers and consumers, the

US-Brazil M

on Biofuels
American Development Bank (IDB) supported by the Organization of American States (OEA) and the Inter-American Development Bank. In Central America and the Caribbean, the cooperation is supported by local technical assistance to discuss policy frameworks, implementation planning laws, and develop domestic biotech production capabilities.

**News**

El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, and Saint Kitts and Nevis and Central America and Caribbean countries: the Dominican Republic, feasibility studies were completed in Africa (Senegal) and in seven third countries.

US-Brazil MOU on Biotech - Bilateral Cooperation
The study may be developed and detailed in an executive project which can attract the cooperation of the private sector in investment opportunities for the production of food and energy. Such projects will be examined by the study team to identify opportunities for the production of food and energy, such as producing biofuels in ethanol, biodiesel, biogas, or any other suitable project for a region's economic development. The study also recommends business models for regions identified as having promising biomass and food production opportunities. The results of the study are intended to identify areas suitable for sustainable biomass and food production.

The study performed by Fundação Getulio Vargas (FGV) comprises the survey of climatic, soil, social and environmental conditions, market infrastructure, the legal framework, among others. The methodology for the feasibility studies combines the Brazilian experience in developing sustainable biomass and food projects to promote key investments and accelerate sustainable development.
Suitable areas for sustainable biomass production

Zonings
- US-Brazil MOL on Biofuels – feasibility studies
US-Brazil MoU on Biofuels - Central America and the Caribbean

- Policy framework are under discussion in El Salvador and Guatemala

- A pilot ethanol validation study is planned in Guatemala

- In the Dominican Republic, the executive project of an ethanol distillery selected in the feasibility study will be elaborated by FGV (Getúlio Vargas Foundation) with funds from the IDB
Global market for biofuels, sustainability indicators, and to create a production of biofuels, in line with CBEP. Developing countries in their sustainable important contribution to support Brazil-Memorandum on Biofuels is an US-Brazil Memorandum - Conclusion